The Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XXII. CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1868. NUMBER 15.

WASHINGTON.

Passage of the Sherman Funding Bill in the Senate.

Text of the Bill as it Finally Passed.

The Alaska Appropriation Passed in the House.

Abstract of the Chief Provisions of the New Chinese Treaty.

Reduction of the Freedmen's Bureau Force in the Various States.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.

[illegible]

THE SOUTH.

Proceedings in the Several State Legislatures.

United States Senators Elected in North and South Carolina.

Civil Government Guaranteed in Louisiana and Florida.

[illegible]

Civil Government in Louisiana.

[illegible]

Governor Humphreys, of Mississippi, Ejected from the Executive Mansion.

[illegible]

THE HEATED TERM.

State of the Thermometer Yesterday in Various Localities—Large Number of Deaths Reported by Sunstroke—The Crops, Etc.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

[illegible]

EUROPE.

The Irish and Scotch Reform Bills Approved by Queen Victoria.

Further Rumors of Political Troubles in Spain.

BY OCEAN TELEGRAPH.

Great Britain.

LONDON, July 14.

Cooke and Blake, arrested as Fenians, were examined at Bow street to-day, and the police testifying to finding a large quantity of arms and ammunition on their premises, they were remanded for trial.

Advices from China say the rebels have finally retired from the vicinity of Tin Sing, having abandoned all hopes of taking the place.

In the House of Lords, last night, it was announced that the royal assent had been given to the Irish and Scotch Reform bills and to the Boundary bill.

A son of the late King Theodorus, of Abyssinia, has arrived in England and gone to Osborne on a visit to the Queen.

LONDON, July 14.

The steamer Atlanta, from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, July 14.

The Palmyra, from New York, arrived.

Servia.

THE RECENT ASSASSINATION OF PRINCE MICHAEL.

BELGRADE, July 14.

The investigations by the authorities into the recent assassination of Prince Michael still continue. The Prince Kara Georgewich, who has been suspected of complicity in the murder, has been cited to appear before the court to answer the charge.

Spain.

LONDON, July 14.

Despatches from Madrid state that at a review [illegible]

BY MAIL.

[illegible]

NEW YORK.

The Bricklayers' Strike—Drowned—A Hero's Lad—The Charges against Internal Revenue Collector Bailey—Nickel Works Destroyed—Disaster to a Picnic Party—Robbery of a Bank Officer—Resolutions.

NEW YORK, July 14.—[illegible]

An officer of the Citizens' Bank was robbed of $6,000 yesterday. No clue to the robbers.

[illegible]

THE WEST INDIES.

[illegible]

CRIME.

[illegible]

THE FAR WEST.

[illegible]

DES MOINES.

[illegible]

CLEVELAND.

[illegible]

POLITICAL.

Health of the Democratic Nominee for the Presidency—The Late Tammany Convention—Wailings of the Disappointed.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.

A number of Democrats here are becoming concerned regarding the state of Governor Seymour's health, [illegible]

Vallandigham is in town. [illegible]

Sangamon County Republican Convention.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 14.

The Republican County Convention, for the purpose of nominating county officers, met in this city to-day. Delegates from all the townships in the county were present.

[illegible]

SPRINGFIELD.

[illegible]

The Collector of Richland County paid into the State Treasury to-day $104,736, being the balance in full of the State taxes due from that county for 1867.

[illegible]

Thermometer 100° in the shade.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

Announcement that the Legislature of North Carolina Has Ratified the Constitutional Amendment—The President Does Not Recognize the Ratification by Florida.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, By an act of Congress, entitled an act to admit the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama and Florida, to representation in Congress, passed on the 25th day of June, 1868, it is declared that it is made the duty of the President within ten days after receiving official information of the ratification by the Legislature of either of said States of a proposed amendment to the constitution, known as article fourteen, to issue a proclamation announcing that fact; and,

WHEREAS, The said act seems to be prospective; and,

[illegible]

THE TEMPORAL POWER.

The Recent Papal Allocution—The Recent Events in Austria Reviewed.

The following is a translation of the Papal allocution delivered in the secret consistory, held on June 22, last:

[illegible]

THE GREAT STORM.

Terrible Effects of Lightning in Orange County—Over a Dozen Persons Killed—Trees Uprooted and Fences Torn Down.

Correspondence of the New York Times.

NEWBURG, July 11, 1868.

Extraordinary reports are in from all parts of Orange County relative to terrible thunder storms in different sections, during which twelve persons were killed by lightning. [illegible]

The Crops.

From the Madison (Wis.) Journal, July 11.

During the last week a trip as far south as Rockford, a careful examination of our exchanges, and inquiry of farmers from this vicinity and elsewhere, enable us to speak understandingly of the prospects of the crops, and in this vicinity, and almost all parts of this State and Northern Illinois they are most encouraging. [illegible]

Brick Pomeroy on the New York Convention.

From the La Crosse Weekly Democrat, July 13.

BLOOD MONEY.

We have for several years been actively engaged in political struggle—have seen conventions mangled and influenced many times by various means. But never have we seen the open attempt to buy delegates, the determination to make money the great motive power, the entire utter disregard of respect for the wishes of the people as has been developed by the New York managers of Wall street, and bondholders interests. [illegible]

[illegible]

Financial.

TO LOAN.

[illegible]

MONEY TO LEND

[illegible]

MONEY TO LEND.

[illegible]

Wood.

CORD WOOD. CORD WOOD.

[illegible]

Copartnership Notices.

A COPARTNERSHIP HAS THIS [illegible]

Leather Belting.

EXTRA HEAVY OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING.

[illegible]

OLD

Newspapers

Clothing.

DeGRAFF,

THE

CLOTHIER,

STILL AHEAD.

LIGHT WOOLLEN

AND

Linen Suits

At Less than they Cost in New York 30 days ago.

Examine this stock, and you will be convinced that you can save from

25 to 30 Per Cent.

This Great Slaughter of Summer Goods will POSITIVELY not last longer than August 15th, and all will do well to avail themselves of this opportunity.

L. DeGRAFF,

CORNER OF

State and Randolph-sts.

Soap.

IMPORTANT TO THE LADIES.

Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap,

The best Soap ever manufactured:

[illegible]

GEORGE FORRESTER,

[illegible]

Magic Binder.

"USE THE BEST."

"SISSON'S MAGIC BINDER,"

For instantaneously binding in neat book form, Letters, Bills, Receipts, Music, &c.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

[illegible]

CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF

Paper, Blank Books, Stationery, &c.

128 & 130 Lake-st.

General Notices.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Office of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Co.,

CHICAGO, July 10th, 1868.

[illegible]

EBENEZER COOK, Secretary.

ELY SAYS,

[illegible]

Auction Sales.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Lumber and Express Wagons, Harness, &c.,

On Thursday, July 16 at 10 a. m.,

At Salesroom of Northwestern Tattersalls,

[illegible]

Trusses, &c.

TRUSSES.

[illegible]

Citrate of Magnesia.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR SARATOGA WATERS.

[illegible]

Real Estate.

CHEAP LOTS! CHEAP LOTS!

SPECIAL NOTICE.

[illegible]

Our Office will be open from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

[illegible]

NEW SUBDIVISIONS ON STATE-ST.,

[illegible]

FLAGG & MAC BRIDE,

[illegible]

New Subdivision

IN

HYDE PARK

BETWEEN

Egandale & Depot.

LOTS ALL FRONT

Street 100 Feet Wide.

PARK ON

EACH SIDE OF STREET,

17 FEET WIDE.

[illegible]

A GREAT BARGAIN.

[illegible]

FLAGG & MAC BRIDE,

ROOM 17, NO. 122 LASALLE-ST.

Removal.

NOTICE.

[illegible]

UNDERWOOD & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

168 WASHINGTON-ST.

REMOVAL.

F. J. De St. OURS, Agent,

[illegible]

Transportation.

1868. GOODRICH 1868.

Transportation Comp'y.

[illegible]

N. T. CO.

STEAMER FOR OGDENSBURGH

AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

[illegible]

FOR BUFFALO.

THE

WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO.'S

[illegible]

For Sale.

$60,000

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

FINE READY-MADE

CLOTHING.

A large and well selected stock of Fine Clothing will be closed out at ONE-HALF THE VALUE. Also, the Lease of the Store and Fixtures of the well-known house of the late

A. A. PUTNAM,

At 116 and 118 Randolph-st.

SELLING OUT.

52 Dearborn-st.

[illegible]

NOTICE TO CAPITALISTS.

[illegible]

Carpets.

JOSEPH WEST,

70 LAKE-ST.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CARPETS,

MATTING, OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN GOODS, &c.,

[illegible]

NO. 118 LAKE-ST.,

[illegible]

Store No. 70 LAKE-ST. TO RENT.

Partners Wanted.

CHICAGO, JULY 13, 1868.

[illegible]

Fire Brick.

FIRE BRICK.

WRIGHT & ELBREG,

BRAZIL, INDIANA,

Will deliver by the car load Pressed Fire Brick at $33 per M.

[illegible]

Lottery.

PRIZES CASHED AND INFORMATION FURNISHED BY THE

ROYAL HAVANA

[illegible]

Medical.

AS AN APERIENT,

[illegible]

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS.

[illegible]

ERYSIPELAS,

[illegible]

OPTHALMIA,

[illegible]

Savings Bank.

MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

SAVINGS BANK,

Corner Clark and South Water-sts.

[illegible]

Business Chances.

PORK HOUSE

FOR SALE.

TWO AND A HALF STORY

BRICK BUILDING,

AND

Tenement Rooms for Workmen.

[illegible]

JOHN BYRNE, JR., & CO.,

[illegible]

Proposals.

To Tunnel Contractors.

[illegible]

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY CLERK OF COOK CO.

PROPOSALS

[illegible]

EDWARD S. SALOMON, County Clerk.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS.

[illegible]

Educational.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,

Notre Dame, Indiana.

[illegible]

First Monday in September.

[illegible]

Scales.

HOWE'S SCALES.

[illegible]

J. T. WHIPPLE, Agent.

Wanted.

MANURE WANTED.

[illegible]

Hotels.

AMERICAN HOUSE.

[illegible]

The Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1868.

[illegible]

For President of the United States,

ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

OF INDIANA.

For Governor—

General John M. Palmer, [illegible]

Lieutenant Governor—

John Dougherty, of Union.

Congressman at Large—

General John A. Logan, of Jackson.

Secretary of State—

Edward Rummel, of Peoria.

Auditor—

General Chas. E. Lippincott, of Cass.

Treasurer—

[illegible]

Attorney General—

Washington Bushnell, of LaSalle.

Commissioners of the Penitentiary—

Andrew Shuman, of Cook.

[illegible]

ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT.

[illegible]

1. L. Brentano, 7. John W. Blackburn, [illegible]

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, Chicago, June 23, 1868.

[illegible]

JAMES P. ROOT, Secretary.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The House of Representatives [illegible] disposed [illegible] a bill increasing the duties on imports; or in other words, a bill to enable the manufacturers of the United States to advance the price of their stocks on hand, and thus collect of the public a gratuity for which there is no moral or legal justification. The House, instead of laying the bill promptly on the table, displayed the most deplorable weakness. Pennsylvania and Connecticut Democrats unite with Pennsylvania and New England Republicans in pressing to a vote one of the most impudent and unjustifiable measures of taxation which has ever been heard of in Congress.

The American tariff is a monstrosity. It is opposed to all principles of justice and sound political economy. It assumes to protect [illegible] industry and [illegible] industry out of existence. It piles taxation upon taxation ostensibly for the benefit of labor, until labor itself is more oppressed by such taxation than if the legislative aid had never been attempted. The tariff was permitted to reach its present enormous proportions upon the representation that as domestic manufacturers were taxed by the Internal Revenue law, an equal additional tax was laid upon imports. Of all this, with the speeches of Stevens and Morrill and other Protectionists, we have already given the proofs in these columns. The last additions to the tariff were so excessive that they were not asked for even by their boldest advocates, except on the ground of an offset to the internal tax. At this very session of Congress, this tax upon domestic manufactures has been removed; but instead of reducing the taxation upon imports in like proportion, these Protectionists have framed, and are pressing to a vote, a bill to increase the duties on imports.

The American people fully understand this whole question of taxation by tariff, and they will not fail to mark those members of Congress who, through ignorance, may vote for this pending bill. The people during the war tolerated many things in Representatives which can no longer be overlooked. When Democratic and Republican manufacturers make common cause to plunder the people by an addition to the rates of duty on imports, then the people have a right to expect that their representatives will understand the [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] his own opinion in the principles of [illegible] those which party [illegible], and, [illegible] the majority of Republicans are opposed to his pet notions, and that the National Convention unanimously overruled them, what madness leads him to go out of his way to bring them into notice again? Why should Republicans [illegible] to tax bonds? Why should Republicans [illegible] the consideration of a funding bill with specific [illegible] of paying the national debt with promises to pay? Those who [illegible] side with the Democracy on these questions might at least respect the all but unanimous opinion of their fellow-Republicans and the authentic declarations of the party, sufficiently to wait for the common enemy to throw the apple of discord, instead of throwing it themselves.

[illegible]

The city has read with horror and disgust the details of the killing of a public officer by a woman of the town. The unfortunate [illegible] departed from what, let us hope, were his ordinary habits of sobriety and decency, and while under the influence of liquor [illegible] public officer, who, also under the influence of liquor, escorted the victim to the brothel where he met his death. Death by violence is at all times shocking, but when it takes place as this death did, it is peculiarly offensive to public decency. The evidence at the Coroner's inquest disclosed the fact that the Justice of the Peace, Dresser, [illegible] not infrequent visitor at the establishment of the woman Stewart. He was known there personally, and in his official capacity. The evidence is that Donohue, the constable, had no knowledge of Stewart's premises until taken there by his superior in official rank.

Donohue, it seems, had plenty of money, and was drunk. Dresser admits that, with a knowledge of these facts, he danced attendance for several hours in and about the house, now drinking, now occupying a lounge, and now going out with the inmates, leaving his drunken companion alone and with a large sum of money in his possession, and gambling with a prostitute. In the course of the debauch, after Donohue had been plied with liquor for several hours, he and his female associate naturally got into a quarrel, when the individual bearing the commission of Justice of the Peace, according to his own statement, ran away without any effort to rescue his companion, and heard no more of him until waked up after midnight by the reporters of the press inquiring for the particulars of the homicide. Without expressing any opinion as to the personal conduct of Dresser in this affair, we venture to suggest that he has accomplished a notoriety and distinction wholly inconsistent with his continuance in office as a mere Justice of the Peace. He should vacate that office with as little delay as possible. He should never again administer the law among his fellow-men.

The question of the guilt of the woman turns upon her statement that Donohue wrongfully accused her of stealing, and that, while forcibly endeavoring to compel her to give up money which she had not taken, the pistol was discharged, accidentally or otherwise, and the man given his death-wound.

The woman Stewart was the keeper of a brothel, [illegible] for the time, she was the social and moral equal of her visitors. They sought her out; they consorted with her with a full knowledge of her character and the character and occupation of all the inmates of the house. They placed themselves on a level with her, and her crime, whatever it may be in law, is not by any means aggravated because of any comparative social position of the parties. Unless her story is contradicted by evidence entitled to respect, there is hardly a prospect of her conviction for murder. She killed the man, but the man was making a brutal assault upon her to sustain what, she says, was a false charge. The man who is responsible for Donohue being there at all, and who, in his official capacity, as well as that of friend of the deceased, should have interfered to prevent the manslaughter, failed in his duty. The woman in her degradation is as low in the social and moral scale as it is possible for her to be thrust, but her crime is not to be regarded as aggravated because the man she shot was an official, who was there with her for illegal, immoral and indecent purposes, and who fell while engaged in an act of personal violence. We would not speak harshly of one thus killed in the vigor of youth; but when public officers or other "respectable" people descend to the level [illegible]

[illegible]

THE OPENING OF CHINA.

The treaty which the Chinese Embassy proposes to establish with us and with leading European [illegible] will mark an epoch in the history of the Celestial Empire. Hitherto the Chinese Government [illegible]

[illegible]

GRANT NO SPEECH-MAKER.

[illegible]

Grant will, doubtless, continue to give nothing for buncombe he does not understand; but he knows how to use words, when they are [illegible] or record action. He has [illegible] more telling phrases [illegible] twenty Seymours. [illegible] four years' war is epitomized [illegible] orders and reports. The coming campaign will be fought under the countersign in four words, "Let us have Peace," given in his letter accepting the Republican nomination. He can speak, where duty requires, in plain, strong words; but he makes speeches when they further business, and only then.

THE FUNDING BILL.

Pending the bill looking to the reorganization of the national debt in long bonds, exempt from taxation and bearing a lower rate of interest than the five-twenties, neither house of Congress should waste any more time than is absolutely needed, as a safety-valve for the speech-making faculty, in discussions foreign to the subject in hand. All the wisdom in Washington is required to frame a measure that shall be in no wise obnoxious to the charge of bad faith, and shall, at the same time, lessen the load of the public debt by reducing the interest, and by extending the principal "over a fair period for redemption." Now that the bill has been taken up, the country will expect its passage before the adjournment, and, whatever its provisions, it will be regarded by both friends and enemies as the practical carrying out of the declarations of the Republican platform. If wisely framed, it will be useful, not only as a means to improve the condition of the national finances, but also as a means to secure the success of the party which has declared its purpose to administer them upon sound principles. It is the most important bill now demanding the consideration of Congress, and it should receive the careful attention of those best qualified to deal with the questions it raises. We are glad to see that a section, covering the same ground as the bill, which still sleeps in the House, to legalize contracts made specifically payable in coin, has been adopted in the Senate with slight opposition.

Political.

Seymour gained the nomination by declining it. Chase lost it by seeking it.

The St. Louis Republican, the Democratic organ in Missouri, hopes that Henry Clay Dean, who is to stump the State for Seymour, will come out for [illegible]

John Forsythe, of the Mobile *Register*, and delegate to the New York *Democratic* Convention, says: "Let the incoming Democratic administration only agree to keep its hands off, and we will soon show which and what are the *de facto* governments in the Southern States."

The New York *Journal of Commerce*, Democratic organ of the dignity school, says the Democratic platform is an out-and-out repudiation of the solemn promises of the government.

The *Philadelphia Ledger* (neutral) says the Democratic platform "is a discreditable assault on the integrity and good faith of the nation."

A correspondent writes us from Morrison, Whiteside County, that the nomination of Seymour and Blair falls like a wet blanket upon the Copperheads of that county. Some of the old wheel-horses of the Democracy declare they will not support the ticket. The Democracy are as chop-fallen as they used to be during the rebellion when news came of a Union victory.

Hon. Addison H. Laflin has been nominated as the Republican candidate for Congress in the Twentieth New York District. The district is composed of the counties of Herkimer, Jefferson and Lewis, and gave Mr. Laflin 4,764 majority in 1866. Mr. Laflin is very popular in his district, and will probably have even a larger majority this fall.

News Items.

Paris consumes 2,000,000 pounds of gingerbread annually.

Mrs. Pool put Mr. Pool's eyes out with vitriol the other day on account of jealousy. Scene laid in Bangor, Maine.

There are 1,172 Mormons in the London Conference.

Pius IX. has seen eighty-four Cardinals pass away during his reign.

The steamship Holsatia, of the Hamburg line, made her last trip across the ocean in nine days and eight hours, from New York to Southampton.

The yellow fever has carried off 10,000 people in Callao since January last.

Frederick Harrison has written a work on the Transit Power, which has recently been published in England. Mr. Harrison says the British workmen exhibit a spontaneous talent for combination, great loyalty to their royal leaders, and, what is altogether unexpected, a strong imaginative faculty and capacity for ideas—something which, Mr. Harrison remarks, is eminently un-English, but peculiarly characteristic of the class. As yet they are unconscious of their power, and not agitated by any great national sentiment. Neither have the leaders who are to marshal them appeared; and at present they are still subject to the spirit of Conservatism and the circumstances which surround them. When, however, the great ideas and leaders who are to come shall appear, the working classes will assert their superiority and assume their rightful position at the head of all other classes.

An affray occurred in Victor's restaurant in New Orleans, on Thursday night, in which Major Frank Maunsy, of Nashville, was stabbed by an unknown man, who escaped. Major M. dies instantly.

Andrew Armstrong and T. E. Fitch, a pair of idiots of nautical proclivities, are making ar[illegible]

[illegible]

FROM CHICAGO TO LARAMIE.

Struggle for Passengers at Council Bluffs.

The Peculiarities of Omaha Hotels.

Progress of the Two Cities.

Alkaline Soils and their Possibilities.

Laramie City, the Climate, and the Amusements.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

LARAMIE CITY, DAKOTA, July 11, 1868.

It is not a little tantalizing for one enduring the present purgatorial heat, the dust and smoke and din of the imperial city to think that a journey of fifty-four hours can take him in full sight of the eternally snowy peaks of Colorado and into Oregon, where snows fall even in July, where the nights are chilly and the days are cool, where fashion is unknown, and the artless manners of the golden age obtain, where a girl invites the unknown stranger to a dance, and he responds by an invitation to take a drink, and where neither offer is often declined. A trip of a little over two days took me from the low shores of Lake Michigan to the elevated basin lying between the Rocky Mountains and the Black Hills; from Chicago to Laramie City; from a civilization that owns to thirty years to a civilization that boasts of its achievement in a few months.

CONVERSATION ON CROPS.

From here to Omaha there is a distance of five hundred and fifty miles, and little else, unless one has a [illegible] agricultural taste and finds delight in fields of rye, oats, wheat, corn or grass. There is, after all, an intolerable monotony in this very succession of tilled or tillable land, and in those continual discussions on the crops with which every chance conversation is opened. No one says to his neighbor, "The weather is warm," but "That corn is very finely." Thus says the [illegible] to the grower, and the dry goods merchant to the mountain man. That poor weather is quite discarded. The only advantage is that it gives rise to cheerful blunders. A dealer in patent bricks opened his conversation with me by hopefully commenting on a flourishing field of oats. I assented, as every civil person would. Subsequently I learned that it was rye. Still, whether oats or rye, made no difference, for we were acquainted.

PLEASURES ON THE ROAD.

The really admirable institution on the road is the Pullman sleeping car, which one does not leave until he reaches Boone, and wherein he can sleep, be comfortable and even merry. The company wait only for the completion of the Union Pacific Road to make simultaneous sleep and travel possible from New York to San Francisco.

Take these cars, the bridge at Clinton, and the crossing of the Des Moines, an occasional pretty girl, a village or two, and a very decent [illegible], and you have exhausted the resources for amusement and comfort of the Chicago & Northwestern Road; unless one can take pleasure in the lurid literature the train boys furnish, treating of the loves and griefs of Claude Duval, a gentleman who, according to these publications, was much thought of in his day.

STRUGGLE FOR CUSTOMERS.

The exciting part of the business begins when one has reached the river depot at Council Bluffs, after passing through a couple of miles of the sunflowers which cover the fruitful bottoms of the Missouri. There the gentlemanly young men in linen dusters and straw hats, who represent the various hotels at Omaha, surround the heated and dusty traveller, and urge the beauties of the cheap board of their respective houses.

The travellers take refuge in the omnibus, but are followed even there by these importunate young fellows with their hands filled with cards, which they recklessly hurl at the passengers.

"Here, gentlemen," says one, "just try the Casement House, only one in Omaha that has baths in it. We are being renovated and will be done in a week. Set as good a table as any in Omaha."

He occupies the door of the vehicle, while another scrambles up on one wheel, and, showering his cards, sings out, "Now, gentlemen and ladies, do give us a call at the Farnham House. We give for two dollars a day what the others give for four. Coolest place in the city. Now do come up there."

Another wheel is occupied by the representative of the St. Nicholas, who claims a right to be heard. He does not pretend to put on as much style as the others, but offers good square meals at [illegible] week.

In the meanwhile the colored man who represented the International, the leading house, stood grandly still, confident that all would go to his house. Even on the little ferry-boat these gentlemen swarmed from every quarter and urged their claims.

OMAHA AND ILLINOIS HOTELS.

Now all this urgency is very natural, and is easily understood by anyone who has ever stopped at Omaha. If there is anything in this world which is atrocious, mean, dyspeptic and yet pretentious and high-priced, it is an Omaha hotel. Long and patient research in Illinois had enabled me to find what I then considered the meanest eating in the West, but Omaha experience has taught that something besides the star of empire moves westward, that something being the art of spoiling food. One Illinois hotel, situated in a thriving little town, has acquired even a European fame. A lady who had lived there for some years was once at Venice. She met there an Italian, who had travelled. She spoke to him enthusiastically of Illinois, its broad prairies, its fields of corn and wheat, its brave men, and its pretty women, the latter of whom she worthily represented.

He pondered for a while on what she said, and then, with an indescribable face, replied: "Illinois. Yes, that is the State the [illegible] House is in. I have eaten there."

She never mentioned the Prairie State [illegible]

[illegible]

as far as good liquor is concerned they surpass [illegible] towns.

[illegible] CITY.

Council Bluffs is looking forward with joy to the completion of the Council Bluffs & St. Joe Railroad, [illegible] up by the 1st [illegible]. The city will then have a direct rail communication with St. Louis. The people hope [illegible] connection this year with the Rock Island & Pacific Road, and have some faint idea that the Burlington Road will be finished about the same time.

THE PLATTE VALLEY.

To the west of Omaha lies the fertile valley of the Platte, and the rich bottoms of the Elkhorn, Loup and Papillion, its tributaries. Here are the [illegible] of Omaha, and by trading with the inhabitants of those lands and [illegible] mountain men, it is to wax fat and prosper. The tide of emigration is beginning to break over those lands, as is shown by the large quantity of corn and wheat planted this year. It is an admirable country, with a most salubrious climate, and an amiable soil that never refuses a profit of twenty-five per cent. It is the delight of those who own some, and the desire of those who do not. The small villages of Fremont, Columbus, &c., which dot this grand plain, are gradually increasing in size and comfort. From pretentious cities they have become quiet and unostentatious villages, without that undue development of the saloon which is so apt to strike one west of the Missouri.

ALKALINE SOILS.

But the battle royal of the evils does not fairly begin until one has gotten past old Fort Kearney and vegetable deposits, and has reached a point where the modest wormwood and the retiring cactus do stud the face of the country, and face being whitened with a delicate alkaline efflorescence. While sweeping along through those unfavoring plains, one is very apt to express the opinion that they are singularly unfit for any human purpose, except possibly the raising of antelope. Then at once some individual, possibly from Wyoming, where they run to that sort of country, puts in his oar, and insists upon its fabulous richness. "The soil, sir," cries he, "has saleratus and soda, and potash, and all the salts, sir. Just what we want for the crops."

This hopeful disposition is not uncommon. I have seen a gentleman from Colorado stand and gaze admiringly at a mass of feldspar, remarking as he did so, "Wonderful resources! What magnificent crops will grow here in the course of time. Just take this rock, add to it sun and water, and there's your own land, splendid."

Another individual, of the sentimental school, asserts that where flowers, lovely flowers, will grow, wheat must indubitably flourish.

PRAIRIE AND MOUNTAIN FLOWERS.

At this season of the year these flowers adorn the the wayside from the banks of the Des Moines to those of Laramie River. The ground around Cheyenne, and the plateaus of the Black Hills, are covered with many-hued flowers, the larkspur, with rich blue, purple and white colors, predominating. Even at the summit-level, a point so high above the sea, they flourish in unchecked luxuriance, and replace very pleasantly the sunflower, which grows so abundantly farther down the Platte, where it is not blighted by a scorching sun or arid soil.

LARAMIE CITY.

I reached Laramie City about 1 o'clock, while all the cheerful pursuits of that cheerful place are in full blast. The little town lies facing the railroad, on a sandy plain which absorbs water as fast as it falls. It was a disappointment to me. It has little of that dash and abandon that made Julesburg and Ellis such interesting places for a brief stay, if one was either very meek or very well armed. Both Cheyenne and Laramie show a sad falling off when compared with the gentle Julesburg, where disorder reigned supreme.

THE PRINCIPAL ATTRACTIONS.

There are at Laramie, of course, a few dance houses, where homely girls twirl around men, [illegible] by them, to the sound of a wornout fiddle. Of course there is a bar, where one can get detestable liquor, and of course there are monte and faro lay-outs. But the other night business was very dull. The gamblers sat at their tables and talked to themselves or to nobody, while the girls hunted hopelessly around for partners. Some of those present were veterans in the dancing art, whom I had seen at Omaha, Cheyenne, or Denver, and who had finally drifted out to this obscure little city of shanties.

There are, however, other things than shanties. The excellent Mr. [illegible] has a mammoth lodging tent, with new and clean beds, which are constantly kept in order, while a watchman is ever on the premises. A couple of old sleeping cars, switched off on a siding, furnish much the best lodgings there, since one or two of the wooden hotels, the Frontier House, &c., are terribly given to leaking, and no man likes to pay for the privilege of being rained on in spots, when he can be rained on all over for nothing. As for meals, the less said the better, though they are better than those at Omaha. The great beauty of the place, however, is the climate it now enjoys. In full sight of the snowy peaks of Colorado, it seems to borrow coolness from those eternally chilly summits. It is pleasant during the day and cold at night. It may be a little warm at noon, but there is no great heat and no oppression there, and nothing to excite one except when somebody shoots somebody, as is occasionally the case. The matter once over with, however, all is serene for a time, and the shooter is generally kind enough to yield to the pressure of public sentiment and take a brief trip into the interior.

Laramie City owes the little importance and the little viciousness it possesses to the fact that it is still the starting point for the overland stages. So soon as they leave from a point eighty miles further to the west, the shanties and mammoth tent, and sleeping-cars will follow, and Laramie be forgotten.

THE NEW RAILROAD CITY.

The great town for the winter will be Greenville, at the crossing of Green River, where there are now about three thousand people, and where others are steadily congregating. At that point the work on this wonderful Union Pacific Road, so far as track laying is concerned, will cease for the season. The road, as far as constructed, is a miracle of smoothness and solidity, and is in as good order as any well-established, old Eastern road.

TYRANNY OF BRAKEMEN.

Unlike some railroads nigher here, it is not run by brakemen. That naturally leads me to speak of a little incident which oc[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] his noble parentage, his "alabaster" arms, his "jetty hair" hanging around his splendid head in "curly ringlets." [illegible]

[illegible] last most startling revelation, this most truthful instructor of youth declares, that Davis has been [illegible] "and," he continues, "it is extremely doubtful whether the [illegible] before a fair tribunal; for, in that case, they would [illegible] and rebels which they [illegible]." He concludes by expressing the hope that the "Southern people who fought so long and so gallantly to roll back the tide of Abolitionism may [illegible] from this volume," and that their wishes may yet be crowned with success.

JASPER.

[illegible], Ill., July [illegible], 1868.

IOWA.

Death and Funeral Services of the Hon. J. W. Needham, Ex-Lieutenant Governor of the State of Iowa, also Late State Senator.

Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

OSKALOOSA, Iowa, July 13.

The funeral services of the late Hon. J. [illegible] Needham were held at the Methodist Episcopal Church in this place, on Friday last, July 10, at 3 p. m. His death occurred the day previous at about [illegible] o'clock. The deceased, as was probably known to all of his large circle of acquaintances, public and private, has been for many years a sufferer from pulmonary consumption. But since the close of the last session of the State Legislature, of which he was an active and faithful member, losing but a day and a half during the entire session for any cause, it has been apparent to his friends and himself as much as they, that his disease had reached a culminating point, and that his days were numbered. As a hero who, having discovered that he has received a mortal wound, lays aside his arms and wraps his martial cloak around him calmly awaiting the last call of glory, he met his fate, having lived and died respected publicly and privately. Brightly throughout all his career has shone out his Christian character, demonstrating that a Christian life is not incompatible with the life of a statesman. His dying testimony was clear—perhaps none ever gave clearer—of his belief in the Christian religion, and of his faith in the Son of God, the Lord Jesus Christ. At the funeral services at the church the Scripture lesson and [illegible] were read by Elder [illegible], [illegible] McAyres, of the U. P. Church, followed by the Rev. Dr. Corkhill, pastor of the M. E. Church of this place, of which the deceased was a member. Revs. [illegible] Adams, respectively of the O. S. and U. P. churches, assisted in the services. A large concourse of people were in attendance. The words of the text were: "Behold, I will gather thee to thy fathers, and thou shalt be gathered to thy grave in peace." The speaker, after briefly noticing the occasion of our coming together, spoke of death as the inevitable fate of all; and after speaking of death as it came to the different persons, under different circumstances, depicted the death of the good man as a blessing to the person dying, because by it he became free; the last requirement has been made; the last call answered. The faithful servant receives his reward; no more to be a servant but a prince and a ruler. A community, though losing much in the death of a good man—his counsel, his labor—yet his loss is more than compensated for in the bright example, the light that streams all along his pathway, even down to the grave, even illuminating the sepulchre, and showing that death is no more death, but everlasting life.

The closing exercises at the cemetery were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Corkhill, consisting of a closing hymn and the usual burial service of the M. E. Church.

V. E. H.

INDIANA.

Ratification and Jollification Meetings at Warsaw.

Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

WARSAW, Ind., July 13.

The Republicans of this part of the county are wide awake, and are determined to annihilate Copperheadism this fall.

Another amusing occurrence took place here Saturday evening, the 11th instant. The Copperheads were thunderstruck at the result of the New York Convention, the idea that any one besides Pendleton could be nominated for President never having entered their heads; [illegible]

[illegible]

A Knightly Opinion.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Kind of "Democratic" Literature Circulated in Egypt.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

[illegible]

[illegible]

Legalization of Gold Contracts.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] and creditor and for the world at large; others as well as ourselves being inconvenienced and injured by the false, dishonest condition in which we are kept by the failure to resume and recognize [illegible] and well-known relation to labor by which its own cost always [illegible] be determined.

It is not necessary to suppose that the return to the specie standard would involve the payment of more specie than at present, or that creditors would hasten the settlement of their claims upon us. [illegible] in gold would be [illegible] with much less expense and inconvenience, and our credit both individual and collective would [illegible] be improved at once and permanently.

Then the capital lying idle abroad, or in our large cities, fostering speculation and gambling, would, to the extent of hundreds of millions, seek investment in reproductive enterprises South and West, and do more to bring peace between different sections of the country than all our legislation about reconstruction.

[illegible] for the debtor, and especially for the West, always wanting capital and credit for the development of its vast resources, [illegible] if we shall not have an early, equitable, safe resumption, which we trust it will be seen can be had in the [illegible], which will at once reduce all prices [illegible] to 100, and diminish the aggregate volume of currency which represents those prices, in the same proportion.

D. W.

NASBY GOES TO NEW YORK.

His Adventures with a Nigger Delegate from Tennessee.

From the Toledo Blade.

NEW YORK, (at a cheap boarding-house,) July [illegible], 1868.

Ef I hed knowed jist wat I hed to go through with, I never wood hev fitted for the posishun I now okkepy. Hed I knowed the troubles wich was to beset me, the Convenshun mite hev gone onrepresentid, and the Democrisy mite hev nominatid a candidate without my help. I am at a cheap boardin-house, wich is sitoouatid on an alley, the landlady bein one uv the anshent Kings uv Ireland, wich her name is O'Shaughnessy. I coodent get rooms at the Astor, nor the St. Nicholas, ez I coodent git a clerk to look at me for an hour, and when I did suceed in rivitin the attenshun uv one, he flew into a pashen and ordered me to move on, with the oncalled for remark that he hed no rooms for sich! And that insult mite be added to injoory, the [illegible] woman who presides over the manshen I inhabit, peremptorily refoosed to reseeve me ontil I pade in advance. I tried several places, but ez I hadn't baggage, the prevailin opinyun seemed to be that advance payment wood be better, and I was forst to return to her.

My adventures on the route were noomerous, if not pleasant.

At some pint in Injiany, where we changed cars, I found the trane we hed to take full uv delegates. In lookin around for a seat I diskivered but one that hadn't two in it, and that one hed in it a disgustin nigger who hed the impoodence to be well drest, and hed a carpet-sack beside him. My Demokratic blood riz to wunst. Seein that in a car filled with Demokratic delegates, anything I shood do to a nigger wood be safe, I stawkt proudly up to him holdin my nose.

"Good Lord!" sez I, "wat a smell!"

"Good Lord!" echoed the delegates wich got on at that stashen, "wat a terrible smell!"

"My gentle Afrikin frend," sed I, seezin him by the collar, "I regret the necessity uv sayin disagreeable things, and still more uv doin em, but the fact is, yoor impoodence in gittin into a car of white gentlemen with the disgustin odor inseparable from and part uv the Afrikin race, is rather too much. And more especially do I wonder at yoor keepin your seat, while I and these other white gentlemen are standin."

"Out with the nigger!" yelled the lately arrived delegates. "Lastie the stinkin cuss."

"Merciful hevens, wat a smell!" sung out others uv em, "hist him!" "hist him!"

Seein myself thus backed, and feelin a little moral wood be safe, ez niggers can't vote, I knockt his hat out uv the winder, and followed up that demonstration with a serious attempt at liftin him out uv the seat. I wood [illegible]

[illegible]

PETROLEUM V. NASBY, P. M.

A TRIP TO THE ANTIPODES.

The Kosher Palace.

A Devoted Widow and Her Sweet Husband.

A Morning Call at Honolulu.

Incidents of the Voyage.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

No. I.

HONG KONG, China, March [illegible], 1868.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO HONG KONG.

On the morning of the 21st of January, 1868, all arrangements having been completed for a half year's wandering through the old countries of the East, I went on board the vessel I had selected to bear me from the shores of my beloved country to those of the Flowery Kingdom. I had been leave-taking until the last moment, and on getting on board found the sailors engaged in tripping the anchor. The powerful tugboat that was to tow us out to sea and commit us to the mercies of the winds was alongside, awaiting the orders of our skipper—Captain Moses Howes, of Cape Cod, a true sailor and officer of the old school. In saying this, I mean that he was as pleasant a gentleman as ever walked the quarter-deck of a merchant ship. A few moments more, during which I kissed the girls I left behind me for the last time, and then we were headed towards the ocean. As we passed in front of the city, and looked upon it, perhaps, for the last time, we thought it never looked so beautiful, and almost regretted that we were leaving it. The battlements of Fort Point were receding from view when I experienced a sensation—such an one as those who [illegible] gone down to sea in great ships have [illegible]. It was the premonitory symptoms of *mal de mer*—the great evil which affects all, or nearly all, who venture upon the rolling billows. The disease made rapid strides towards that alarming state where the patient don't care a continental whether he lives or dies. There is something about sea-sickness that is indescribable, yet those who have experienced an attack can appreciate the difficulty which besets me at this point. I felt as though the coats of my stomach were going to be ejected, and I really believe that I should have been very little concerned if such a thing had resulted. I hastily took a farewell glance at the familiar hills of California, and then hastened below to settle affairs with the sea monster. For several days I remained in my stateroom before I felt well enough to again venture upon deck, and when I did there was nothing to be seen but the blue water of the sea beneath us, the blue sky of the heavens above us, and the white sails of the gallant ship that bore us. I had gone through a great deal of suffering, and came forth into the light of day ... like those unfortunate prisoners, who, having offended both the laws of God and man, are kept caged in the dark and dreary dungeon. But I was not a prisoner, except so far as to be confined to the limits of my ship, for I lacked the requisite amount of faith to walk upon the water.

FELLOW-PASSENGERS.

It is customary for correspondents to write something about their fellow-passengers, but I shall only observe the custom sufficiently to say that we had several very sociable persons on board, who strived to render all things pleasant and agreeable, and by so doing succeeded in making the voyage a delightful one. However, while speaking of the passengers, I must not neglect to describe a

DISCONSOLATE WIDOW

that was amongst the Chinese passengers, of whom we had some twenty or fifteen. She had resided in California for fifteen years, had accumulated about [illegible], and having lost her husband by death, was returning to China to abide for the future with her old friends and kinsmen. She was about forty [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] on the beach [illegible]

Leaving the city we walked along the public highway for about a mile, during which we passed several very beautiful residences, but shall not give you a description of them, as it would not be interesting. We turned to the right and walked up a slight hill, from where we could see the battle-ground. A walk of ten minutes brought us to the beach, and there, sure enough, were the bleached and whitened bones of the once sanguine rebels. The sight was a painful one, and after a few moments we turned away, and, with our camp along, walked toward a little canon which led to the beach in another direction, and nearly a mile from where the [illegible]. Following the pathway that was plainly marked before us, we soon heard a number of human voices, laughing and shouting, as if in boisterous mirth, and upon our coming up to them we found that we had run upon a party of men and women, enjoying a bath in the surf. Of course, as soon as we discovered that the women were without even so much as a breech-cloth, we withdrew in search of other sights, but we reached the city without anything else worthy of mention presenting itself.

Having returned to the hotel and partook of supper, we were enjoying our cigars upon the plaza, when a messenger arrived from the ship, bringing intelligence that we must come on board, for should a breeze spring up during the night the Captain would "bear away." Regretting that we had not had a better opportunity to inspect the islands, we went on board our ship, and when we awoke next morning the city of Honolulu had faded from sight.

FLYING-FISH.

We had not got into the flying-fish latitudes—or rather into the latitudes where flying fish are found—and as none of the passengers had ever seen any of these wonderful creatures considerable anxiety was manifested to catch one, in order that we might obtain a closer inspection. For days we had been observing them in the neighborhood of the ship. Suddenly a whole school (school, I believe, is the proper word, but I adopt the one most in use) would be seen to raise from the surface of the water and skim away like so many sparrows, flying sometimes more than a mile before they dropped back into their native element. These beautiful and interesting creatures are about eight inches in length by one and a half in width. Their bodies are nearly round, while the head strongly resembles [illegible] in almost every stream in the Western States. They weigh from three to six ounces, and are very excellent eating, although the flesh is a particular day. The wings are very delicate, perfectly transparent; they are about four inches long, and look not unlike the wings of the dragon-fly, or devil's-darning-needle. They are the prey of the bonita and dolphin, fish only found in the tropical latitudes.

OCEANIC SCENERY.

Some of the oceanic skies were gorgeous beyond comparison, and at one time excited the admiration not only of the passengers but the skipper and crew, so rich and transcendantly glorious and enchanting they became. As we approached the Ladrone Group of Islands the color which gave tone to the celestial landscape was that of a rich cream—I can compare it to nothing else—while its tints varied from fawn to pale white. A narrow slate-colored ribbon circumscribed the horizon and upon it reposed a broad belt of vermillion interspersed with dashes of India ink, shaded with amber. This glowing field merged insensibly above into a bright crimson or yellow, and this into a delicate pale green, which deepened upwards as it approached the summit of the dome; while over all amber-stained masses floated, diminishing in size, but deepening in color. The vessel plows up flying-fish as she plunges her prow into the blue waves, and when the little creatures wing their way over the water one can hardly believe they are not swallows sent to add beauty and give life to the gorgeous scene spread out before us.

At and after sunset appeared panoramic paintings which no human pencil could approximate, nor human guided pen portray one-half their beauty. Imagine the zenith of azure diminishing in tone down one third of the vault and then blending into living emerald, which, as it descended, vanished through a straw tint into brilliant white at 25 degrees, and continued with increasing brightness near the horizon; the heaving waves at our feet constituting the dark and bold foreground of the picture, had dwindled into a pale band of misty brown 5 or 6 degrees in depth, ran, as usual, round the horizon, its upper and broken edge, of course, in strong relief.

[illegible]

[illegible] by any weakness on her part [illegible] prudence [illegible] These are [illegible] Marquis' escort to them puts an end to the calumny that he was seeking the hand of the little Diva merely to get the means of paying his debts.—*Paris Correspondence of the New York Times.*

THE DEFEATED EXPRESS ROBBERS.

Another Captured and the Others Surrounded—Five Hundred Citizens Under Arms as a Vigilance Committee.

Val. Elliott, John Moore, Charles Roseberry, Henry Jerrell and Frank Sparks are the names of the robbers who were defeated in their attempt to rob the Adams Express Company on the Ohio & Mississippi Road, near Seymour. Moore and Jerrell were the only ones who entered the express car. Sparks, Roseberry and Elliott were on the outside. As already stated, Elliott was shot and captured on the spot. The others escaped for the time, but will probably all be brought to justice. Sparks had a finger shot off, and Moore was wounded twice in the body. Roseberry was captured yesterday and brought to the city at 12 o'clock last night. The job was set up by Moore and Roseberry. The latter is a notorious robber, and the same may be said of Sparks.

We have received the following dispatch from Seymour relative to the chase:

SEYMOUR, Ind., July 11.—Great excitement still prevails over the attempted express robbery at Brownstown. It is the general topic with everybody. This morning at 3 o'clock a squad of about thirty men started in pursuit of the three robbers, who were reported to be badly wounded and at or near Rockford, Indiana. They at once proceeded to Rockford and made a general search through every house in the town, but without success. They, however, learned that the robbers were on the other side of White River. Crossing over the river they caught sight of them, and then the chase commenced, the robbers making for a dense thicket, covering about seventy-five acres, which they gained before our men could overtake them. Once in there it was very difficult for our men to keep track of them. They, however, kept up the chase until they succeeded in capturing one of them, Charles Roseberry, who had given out and hid himself behind a log. The thicket being so dense, it was useless for them to give further chase with so small a force, so they at once surrounded the thicket and sent for more help. About five hundred men left this place for the scene of action this afternoon, but arrived there too late to do anything, as darkness soon overtook them. They will wait until morning, before making any attempt to find them and surround the thicket to prevent their escape. A strict watch will be kept all night. A wagon load of provisions was sent over this evening. An immense meeting was held here to-night for the purpose of organizing a Vigilance Committee. J. F. Roseberry was not injured. It appears that he was the only one of the party that was not wounded.—*Cincinnati Commercial, July 13.*

The Wages Paid Workingwomen.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* publishes the following carefully prepared statement of the wages paid workingwomen in that city. As the labor of women is an interesting and important subject at this time, we subjoin the same:

The various book-binderies of our city employ about 1,000 women, in stitching, folding, &c., and the wages paid amount to about $4.50 per week, though some of the more skillful workmen make as high as $8 per week. Women are also engaged in these establishments in laying gold leaf upon the covers of books, for which they receive from $5 to $8 per week.

The hat business in our city is an extensive one, and from 500 to 600 women find employment in trimming hats. Those working on soft hats receive from $5 to $8 per week, and for trimming silk hats from $10 to $11; the average wages, however, will amount to about $9 per week.

Book and job printers employ women to feed the presses. They work about ten hours a day, for which they receive, in nearly all the establishments, $6 per week.

Women are now generally employed in all retail stores. Those who seek this means of gaining a living, receive nothing for the first two or three months, and after that receive from $3 to $5 per week. Many obtain $10, $15 and $20 per week, but only those who show a peculiar aptness for the business, and become popular in the establishment [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] RAILROAD CATASTROPHE.

The Cause of the Accident.

Robbery of Passengers—Incidents—Full Particulars.

The following [illegible] in relation to the accident to the night express on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad, on Wednesday night, a mile east of Union, by the breaking of the bridge over French Creek, are gathered from the *Erie Dispatch*:

THE FATED TRAIN.

The train consisted of one baggage car, [illegible] passenger coaches (containing [illegible] fifty persons), a sleeping car and some emigrant cars. The engineer states that as soon as the locomotive ran on the bridge he felt it sinking away, and pulled open the throttle to jerk the train over, if possible. The engine and tender crossed the bridge. The engine [illegible], the tender being thrown off by the tremendous shock, and the track by the tremendous shock, and the [illegible] following went down with the shattered [illegible]. The smoking car was thrown on its [illegible] to the [illegible] of the bridge, the next one [illegible] "telescoped" upon it, and the [illegible] hung over the verge in the rear, [illegible] supported by the wreck and partly by [illegible] of the bridge, while on the other [illegible] the baggage car had fallen backward, [illegible] shivered on the forward ends of the [illegible] cars beneath.

THE DEAD AND WOUNDED.

French Creek, being dammed just below, was about five or six feet in depth below the bridge, thus greatly enhancing the [illegible] of loss of life. Five persons were [illegible] killed or drowned. These were: Miss [illegible] S. Brainard, aged twenty-three, formerly of Vernon, N. Y., but lately of [illegible]; Mrs. Priscilla Force, of Flat Rock, [illegible] County, Ohio, and her two children, respectively fourteen months and two [illegible] and four months, and a little girl aged [illegible] years, the child of Scott Patton, of [illegible]

[illegible] is something strange that out of sixteen [illegible], the injuries are in general slight. [illegible] all the wounded, there is not, so far [illegible] known, a bone fractured, and but two of [illegible] are dangerously injured.

CAUSES—BRIDGE INSPECTION.

The breakage of the bridge is one of the [illegible] that time may yet solve. At half-past 3 o'clock, an engine fully ten tons [illegible] than the one on the passenger train, passed over it, and later, a train loaded with [illegible] crossed it. The locomotive, No. [illegible], with the passenger train, is one of the [illegible] on the line.

[illegible] than two months since the bridge [illegible] subjected to a critical examination by [illegible] Baldwin, Assistant General Superintendent, [illegible] Reynolds, Division Superintendent, [illegible] J. B. Hoyer, master carpenter and bridge [illegible], and was pronounced in good condition.

Another circumstance in reference to the [illegible] of the bridge, little thought of at the time, is of importance now. About five [illegible] ago a number of carpenters employed [illegible] the company arrived at Union Mills, and [illegible] about an hour of spare time on their hands, concluded to improve it by examining the bridges in the vicinity. The one that [illegible] was subjected, under and over, to a [illegible] inspection, and the carpenters and bridge builders presented an informal report that the bridge was the strongest one [illegible] the Western Division.

FOUL PLAY.

The bridge is of the "gallows-frame" pattern, and was strengthened by large bolts. On the left hand side of the bridge the nuts are about two and a half inches above the bolts, [illegible] beneath them the thread was rusted. On the right side, where the structure gave way, the nuts were within a quarter of an inch of the bottom of the bolts. The thread above them for the space of a couple of inches, though here and there filled with [illegible] splints, showed bright spots, as though [illegible] covered until recently, and the thread [illegible] perfect. Had the weight pressed the [illegible] down, they must have been stripped. [illegible] circumstances occurring in connection with the sad affair justify us in thinking the weakening of the bridge by slacking the supports [illegible] done maliciously. [illegible]

[illegible]

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

TUESDAY EVENING, July 14.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

[illegible]

for Government [illegible] in New York, [illegible] the last three days:

[illegible]

The opening and closing rates for [illegible] stocks below, for to-day, [illegible] yesterday, were as follows:

[illegible]

The following were the quotations [illegible] successive regular boards of the New York [illegible] Exchange to-day for the stocks mentioned:

[illegible]

Below are given the closing rates for [illegible] stocks in New York to-day as compared [illegible] three previous days:

[illegible]

The New York *Herald* [illegible] platform, and in disgust [illegible] the convention which [illegible]:

[illegible]

New York Money and Stock [illegible]

[illegible]

Real Estate.

The following is a list of deeds recorded [illegible] property within the city limits, filed for record Tuesday, July 14:

[illegible]

[illegible]

THE [illegible] EXPRESS ROBBERS.

Another Captured and the others Surrounded—Two Hundred Citizens Under Arms as a Vigilance Committee.

[illegible] Henry Jerrell and Frank Sparks are the names of the robbers [illegible] their attempt to rob the Adams Express Company on the Ohio & Mississippi Road near Seymour. Moore and Jerrell were the [illegible] captured on the spot. [illegible] to justice. Sparks had a finger shot off, and Moore was wounded twice in the body. Roseberry was captured yesterday and brought to the city at 12 o'clock last night. [illegible]

We have received the following dispatch from Seymour relative to the chase:

SEYMOUR, Ind., July 11.—Great excitement still prevails over the attempted express robbery at Brownstown. It is the general topic with everybody. This morning at 3 o'clock a squad of about thirty men started in [illegible] to be badly wounded [illegible] near Rockford, Indiana. [illegible] Rockford and made a general search through every house in the town, but without success. They, however, learned that they were on the other side of White River. [illegible] seventy-five acres [illegible]

The Wages Paid Working-women.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* publishes the following carefully prepared statement of the wages paid working-women in that city. As the labor of women is an interesting and important subject at this time, we subjoin the same:

The various book-binderies of our city employ about 1,000 women, in stitching, folding, &c., and the wages paid amount to about [illegible] per week [illegible]

The hat business in our city is an extensive one, and from 500 to 600 women find employment in trimming hats. [illegible]

Book and job printers employ women to feed the presses. They work about ten hours a day, for which they receive, in nearly all the establishments, [illegible] per week.

Women are now generally employed in all retail stores. Those who seek this mode of gaining a living, receive nothing for the first two or three months, and after that receive from [illegible] per week. [illegible]

[illegible]-ROAD CATASTROPHE.

The Cause of the Accident.

[illegible]

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

[illegible]

New York Money and Stock Market.

[illegible]

Real Estate.

The following is a list of deeds conveying property within the city limits, filed for record Tuesday, July 14: [illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

[illegible]

The principal topic of conversation in Grain circles on 'Change to-day was the ruling of the Board of Directors at their meeting last evening, in the case of Miller against Bruce, the ruling being to the effect that the board has no jurisdiction in the case. [illegible]

During the month of June last E. K. Bruce, Vice President of the Board of Trade, sold to C. Miller a "privilege" to call ten thousand bushels of No. 2 Spring Wheat at [illegible] per bushel. [illegible]

CHICAGO DRY GOODS MARKET.

[illegible]

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

[illegible]

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

[illegible]

LATEST MARKET NEWS

Foreign Markets.

FINANCIAL.

LONDON, July 14—[illegible] United States bonds, [illegible]

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, July 14—[illegible] Breadstuffs—[illegible]

[illegible]

Weather favorable for the crops.

Allegheny Live Stock Market.

[illegible]

The Produce Markets.

MILWAUKEE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

[illegible]

NEW YORK.

[illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Port of Chicago.

[illegible]

Illinois and Michigan Canal.

[illegible]

Vessels Passed Detroit.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DETROIT, July 14.

[illegible]

Vessels Passing Through the Welland Canal.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous Marine Items.

[illegible]

Ocean Steamers.

[illegible]

Medical Cards.

Private Matters.

[illegible] Address letters, "Dr. CLARKE, No. 4 Larmon Block, Chicago, Ill."

Dr. [illegible]

[illegible]

Your Destiny

[illegible] TO HEALTH AND LONG LIFE." [illegible]

Private Consultations.

[illegible]

Dr. [illegible]

[illegible] Consultation free and confidential.

Special Notices.

No Health Without Vigor.

[illegible] HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. [illegible] HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Hoff's Malt Extract.

HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.

From CHAS. DICKENS:

"With my best thanks for your Malt Extract, I remain, etc."

From his Excellency, Gov. [illegible] R. E. FENTON, Albany:

"Your Malt Extract is a pleasant beverage."

From Hon. THAD. STEVENS, Washington:

"Please send two dozen of it."—Dr. M. P. GRAVES, Philadelphia.

Agents for Illinois, DIETZSCH & CO., Chicago. Also, for sale by SMITH & DWYER.

Scales.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES OF ALL SIZES. FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO. [illegible]

Hotels.

OCEAN HOUSE, NEWPORT, R. I.,

Will be opened for the reception of guests June 25. Rooms occupied one or more weeks, a discount will be made from the transient price.

JOSEPH B. WEAVER.

Newport, R. I., June 25, 1868.

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE MUTUAL SECURITY INSURANCE COMPANY.—Public notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the above Company that the Annual Meeting [illegible] on THURSDAY, the 30th day of July, 1868, at 10 o'clock a. m. [illegible]

Chicago, June, 1868. ALEXANDER OFFICER, Sec.

Watches.

SUPERIOR IMITATION GOLD HUNTING WATCHES. THE OROIDE WATCH FACTORY.

[illegible]

CAUTION.—Since the demand has greatly increased for the Oroide Watches, many persons are selling common watches [illegible]

C. E. COLLINS & CO.,

No. 37 and 39 Nassau-st., N. Y., up stairs, Opposite the Post Office.

To clubs where six watches are ordered at one time, we will send an extra watch, making seven watches for $90.

Dissolution Notice.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between Edgar A. Hewitt and Reuben T. Pettengill, under the name of

HEWITT & PETTENGILL,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by Reuben T. Pettengill, at the office, No. 2 Larmon Block, corner of Clark and Washington-sts.

E. A. HEWITT.
R. T. PETTENGILL.

Chicago, July 13, 1868.

Railroads.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD.

[illegible]

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

[illegible]

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

[illegible]

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO.

[illegible]

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

[illegible]

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY.

[illegible]

CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS.

[illegible]

COLUMBUS, CHICAGO & INDIANA CENTRAL (LATE CHICAGO & GREAT EASTERN), THE CINCINNATI AIR LINE.

[illegible]

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

[illegible]

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE TRAINS.

[illegible]

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

[illegible]

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU [illegible]

FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE OF URINE, [illegible] Use HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. [illegible]

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT and unsafe remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH. [illegible] HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH [illegible]

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

And all diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

Whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

[illegible]

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

And that of posterity, depend upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upward of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

No. 594 Broadway, New York.
No. 104 South Tenth-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

[illegible]

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

DYSPEPTIC SUFFERERS.

Under the general head of Dyspepsia may be classed all the varieties of indigestion. Its symptoms are so various, and differ so much in different individuals, that it is almost impossible to classify them. In fact, some of them are utterly indescribable. [illegible]

[illegible]

PREPARED AND SOLD BY

HOSTETTER & SMITH,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Was It a Practical Joke?

Did Mr. Bonner and His Famous Trotters Come to Town?

Music Uncompensated.

Who Is Mr. Patterson?

One of the most popular and effective practical jokes that ever was perpetrated was last evening played upon the proprietors of one of our most prominent hotels, a livery stable keeper, and divers other persons who were selected by the joker for his victims. In no case did the parties ride into the cars, and it was not until the author had played the last card in the hand he had made up was the fraud detected. [illegible]

[illegible]

I. Wilford Fox vs. J. D. Dunn. Assumpsit; damages, $1,000.

Isabella Fordham vs. John Fordham. Bill for divorce, with affidavit of non-residence. The bill charges an intermarriage on the 7th day of December, 1864, at Chicago, since which time she had lived together with the exception of one year, in this city. She charges that she was deserted by her husband in 1866, and that since then he has not contributed to her support. She says that there were three children born of the marriage. It is also charged that the defendant is an habitual drunkard.

Abraham Liebenstein vs. William Scott and L. F. Coopman. Confession of judgment for $306.61.

George Morgenroth vs. Louis Bachman. Attachment; indebtedness stated at $,502.97. Writ issued as against a non-resident.

Ellen E. Morris et als. vs. Richard A. & Charles F. Abbott. Assumpsit; damages $500.

RECORDER'S COURT.

The usual annual raid was made upon the keepers of bawdy houses, on Monday night, [illegible] The parties arrested were fined fifty dollars each, excepting in one case, where there was a fine imposed of $100. Twenty-one of the parties arrested pleaded not guilty.

Daniel Shaughnessy and John Smith. Larceny of clothing. Verdict not guilty.

Joseph Dolan. Malicious mischief. Verdict of guilty, and prisoner sentenced the county jail for sixty days.

Henry Allen. Larceny. Plea of guilty.

William Backer. Larceny. Verdict guilty. Sentenced to the county jail for thirty days.

John Lain. Larceny. Verdict guilty of petit larceny.

PROTECTIVE FUEL ASSOCIATION

Explanation of Mr. Mould to the Stockholders.

Adoption of a Revised Constitution.

Pursuant to call, a meeting of the [illegible] held last night, Executive Office of A. Wallmann, Esq., [illegible] Block.

Louis Wahl was elected Chairman.

A. C. Hesing moved that Mr. W. R. Mould, the former Treasurer and Secretary of the company, be called upon to make a statement of the condition of the company.

Mr. Mould, on being called forward by the Chairman, said that the statement made on the first of January last was correct, excepting that the percentage was deducted for wastage. He also asserted that the last statement made by him was correct.

He was asked by Mr. Hesing if he had ever drawn vouchers for the expenses of the company. Mr. Mould answered that sometimes he did and sometimes he did not.

Mr. Mould explained that the expenses under the head of commissions were to pay solicitors who were employed to sell stock for the company. There were at one time as many as sixteen solicitors employed. Mr. Mould further stated that he was obliged very frequently to borrow money on account of the lack of capital, stockholders paying for their stock very slowly.

Mr. Green, who had interpreted Mr. Mould's report as meaning that the company could declare a dividend of fifteen per cent, was set right by the latter gentleman, who stated that to the best of his recollection he had stated that a dividend of [illegible] might be divided among the [illegible].

Mr. [illegible], the present Superintendent, said that the expenses of the company since the withdrawal of Mr. Mould was, on an average, $11,000 per annum, while previous to that time the expenses amounted to $25,000 per annum. The expenses had been lessened by employing fewer men than formerly, and by cutting down other expenses.

By the statement of Mr. Hesing, it was shown that between the 1st of January and the 16th of April $22,000 had been lost. He requested Mr. Mould to make some satisfactory explanation of this deficit, but that gentleman was unable to do so.

Mr. Mould acknowledged that he had overdrawn his account, but had given his notes to the company for the balance of his indebtedness, and it was his desire to pay these notes as soon as he possibly could.

General Stuart, Chairman of the Committee on Reorganization, said that the company might proceed with the present Board of Directors, elected in January last. He thought that the company might be put on a paying basis by the members advancing sufficient money to lay in a good supply of coal for the ensuing season. He advised that the Board of Directors fill the vacancies in their body, provided it be determined to continue the organization.

The amended by-laws of the company were then submitted by General Stuart, acting for the committee, and who recommended their adoption.

The name of the company shall continue as heretofore, viz.: "The Citizens' Protective Fuel Association." The second section determines that, besides the legitimate business of the company in the way of purchasing and selling coal, coke, wood, &c., if deemed advisable, mining operations shall be engaged in.

The capital stock is fixed in the third article at $100,000, each share being set at $25.

The business of the company, as set forth in the fourth section, is to be managed by a Directory of five persons who shall be stockholders, and be elected for one year. The President and Vice President are to be elected from their number. The Superintendent, Secretary and Treasurer are to be appointed from non-stockholders.

The remaining articles define the duties of the various officers, and endeavor to make such checks and safeguards as to prevent a repetition of misfortune. The Treasurer is obliged to make a monthly report, and also to give a statement of his accounts, when called upon so to do by the Directory.

It is provided that each stockholder shall be privileged to purchase one cord of wood, two tons of bituminous coal or one ton of anthracite, at cost price, for each certificate of stock held by him.

After the adoption of the by-laws and constitution, which were read and approved section by section, the meeting adjourned.

THE LATE JUDGE MATHER.

Resolutions of the Law Institute.

A meeting of the members of the Law Institute was held yesterday afternoon, to take action in relation to the recent demise of Hiram F. Mather, a member of the institute and a Master in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago. C. M. Hawley, Esq., presided at the meeting, which was addressed by S. A. Goodwin and C. C. Bonney, and the following resolutions, presented by Obadiah Jackson, from the Committee on Resolutions, were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst, after a long career of usefulness, our brother, Hiram F. Mather, one of the Masters in Chancery of the Superior Court of Chicago; therefore,

Resolved, That while in this, as in all other matters, we bow with profound submission to the inscrutable decrees of Providence, we yet believe it right to express our sincere sorrow at the loss of this, our deceased brother, and that we tender to his family and friends our heartfelt sympathy in their irreparable bereavement.

Resolved, That in Judge Mather we found a good lawyer, a ripe scholar, a high-toned gentleman, a modest Christian, and an honest man; and while our summer vacation is saddened by this sudden and unexpected calamity, we are yet consoled with the reflection that the long and active life of our brother, now closed, may well make us proud that we belonged to, and labored in the same profession; and we commend his untiring industry, his unobtrusive modesty, his uniform courtesy, and above all, his Spartan integrity, to the young members of our profession, as most worthy of the closest imitation. Pure, meek, guileless, just, modest, true: we trust that his virtues will be remembered and admired by those of us who have known him, and held up to the [illegible]

Resolved, That in our official intercourse with our brother, as a Master in Chancery, we always found him ready and willing to discharge the delicate duties of his position with fidelity and [illegible], and the unfortunate debtor or applicant for the highest preventive writ known to the chancery jurisdiction was never, when applying in a proper manner, turned empty-handed away, when he whom we mourn had the power, by the issuing of the writ, "to cause the correction of that wherein the law by reason of its universality is deficient."

Resolved, That these resolutions be forwarded to the family of the deceased, and that the Chair appoint a member of the bar to present a copy of the same to the various courts in this city, with the request that they be spread upon the records thereof.

The Chair appointed the following counsel to present the resolutions to the several courts:

United States Courts—S. A. Goodwin.
Circuit Court—Robert Harvey.
County Court—C. C. Bonney.
Superior Court—J. N. Barker.
Recorder's Court—Obadiah Jackson.

AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible]

THE INTERNATIONAL CHURCH.

Meeting to Take Action Toward Its Construction.

Addresses of Governor Bross, Dr. Tompkins, and Others.

Organization of an Association.

A meeting of ministers and others interested in the establishment of an International church, in London, England, where all travelling American ministers an opportunity of preaching the Gospel, was held in the Second Presbyterian Church, corner of Wabash avenue and Washington street, last evening. Owing to the excessively warm weather the attendance was not very great.

Lieutenant Governor Bross was called to the chair, and after prayer had been offered by Dr. Van Doren, he said:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I beg to refer very briefly to what I understand to be the objects of this meeting. It is proposed to establish, in London, an International Church, where leading clergymen from this country, when visiting Europe, shall preach to the English people. [illegible]

[illegible]

It is, however, more appropriate for me to leave to the reverend and distinguished gentlemen who are to address you this evening a more particular statement of the plans by which it is proposed essentially to promote the peace and the prosperity of England and America, and thereby the welfare and the progress of mankind.

Rev. Dr. Tompkins, of London, was then introduced, and said it was not intended to conciliate the Americans by establishing an International Church. He then gave an elaborate description of the state of things in England during the late rebellion, saying that although there were some who were hostile to the American Government yet a large majority sympathized with it. He gave an account of his journey to this country during the war, when he visited the army, and was placed under many obligations to General Grant whom he characterized as one of the noblest of men, for many kindnesses rendered. The work of elevating the freedmen was being vigorously prosecuted in England, and several hundred thousand dollars had been contributed to alleviate their sufferings. It was proposed to build a church and a hall in London, and to have a service in the morning at which an American clergyman should officiate, and another in the afternoon at which an English clergyman should officiate.

The English people desired American ministers to express their views upon the questions which were being, from time to time, agitated. The two countries should be one in sentiment in regard to religion, and there should be no misunderstanding in regard to other questions between them. It was proposed to expend $100,000 in the construction of the building. An eligible site had been secured, and the work had already been commenced. It was expected that America would furnish $50,000 for the furtherance of the object.

Dr. Haven offered the following preamble and resolutions, which were adopted:

WHEREAS, The union of clergymen and Christian laymen of the United States and of Great Britain upon common ground, when they may compare views and devise means to secure the blessings of peace and of the Gospel for these two great Protestant nations, is calculated, under the Divine sanction to promote the interests of both nations; and

WHEREAS, A public hall connected with a church edifice would provide a permanent place for American gentlemen visiting Great Britain to confer with gentlemen in that country upon questions connected with the interests of peace, civilization, religion and other important subjects; therefore,

Resolved, That this meeting cordially recommends the erection of an International Church and Hall by the united efforts of both countries, and that the gentlemen whose names are hereto annexed, do constitute an association to be called the "International Union of Illinois," to act in concert with kindred associations formed in other States of the Union, and with the Trustees of the International Church and Hall in Great Britain.

President—His Excellency, Lieutenant Governor W. Bross.

Vice Presidents—Hon. John C. Burroughs D. D., J. V. Farwell, Esq., Hon. Judge Goodwin, J. E. Reynolds, [illegible] Williams.

Treasurer—B. F. Raymond, Esq.

Financial Secretary—B. D. L. Sweet, Esq.

Corresponding Secretary—B. F. Jacobs, Esq.

Committee—Rev. R. Patterson, D.D.; Rev. Dr. Burns, Rev. A. Swazey, Rev. C. B. Helmer, Rev. E. G. Taylor, Rev. Dr. Van Doren, Rev. J. H. Ryland, D.D.; Rev. Joseph Haven, D.D.; T. M. Avery, Esq.; Julius Rumsey, Esq.; Dr. S. B. Haven, Jas. H. Bowen, Esq.; I. N. Burch, Esq.; Thos. B. Bryan, Esq.; Cyrus Bentley, Esq.; R. W. Blatchford, Esq.; E. V. Robbins, Esq.; Geo. Armour, Esq.; Fred. Lutz, Esq.; Colonel C. G. Hammond, Henry G. Miller, Esq.; Thos. Dent, Esq.; D. Lunt, Esq.

Ex-officio Members as Members of the Ministerial Committee—Rev. Chas. E. Cheney, Rev. R. W. Patterson, Rev. Dr. Erskine, Rev. Mr. Carlson, Rev. W. W. Everts, Rev. Robt. Hatfield, Rev. Dr. Fowler, with power to add to their number.

Short addresses were then made by Dr. Van Doren and other gentlemen, strongly advocating the project, after which the meeting adjourned.

BASE BALL.

Match Between the Excelsior and Enterprise Clubs.

A match game of base ball was played yesterday afternoon upon the grounds of the Excelsior Club, on State street, between the Excelsior's second nine and the Enterprise first nine. The day was excessively hot, and as a consequence the attendance was very limited. The game opened at 3 o'clock, the Excelsiors taking their first inning. At first the game was close, but in the fourth inning the Excelsiors ran up 7 by some very fine batting, which seemed to demoralize their opponents. They made a feeble resistance, batted poorly and fielded wild, while Wagner, their pitcher, gave balls that were hit in every direction with the greatest ease. On entering the game the Excelsiors were short three men, and when their field was filled, their execution was much more effective and disastrous. On the side of the Enterprise, Smith and O'Neal were almost the only ones deserving of credit for fielding, while the batting was uncommonly poor. Of the Excelsiors, Eddy, Williams and Goodrich played and batted finely, and the entire nine played strong with few exceptions. The following is the score:

EXCELSIOR.	O.	R.	ENTERPRISE.	O.	R.
Eddy, s. s.	[illegible]	[illegible]	O'Neal, c.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Williams, 1st b.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Smith, 2d b.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Goodrich, c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Stewart, l. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Elliott, p.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Willard, s. s.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Morton, l. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wagner, p.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hines, 2d b.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible], 1st b.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Phelps, c. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Quinn, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wilson, 3d b.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Butterfield, c. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Berthrong, r. f.	[illegible]	[illegible]	House, 3d b.	[illegible]	[illegible]

INNINGS.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Excelsior	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Enterprise	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Time of Game—3 hours.

Umpire—E. J. Cooper, Mineral Point Club.

The return game of base ball between the Atlantic Junior's first nine and the picked nine of Chicago, will be played at Ogden Park, commencing at two o'clock.

There will also be a match game this afternoon between the Liberty and Dexter nines.

THE TANNERS.

Large Republican Meetings in the Ninth and Tenth Wards.

A meeting of the Ninth Ward Grant Club was held last night at the West Side Rink. Alderman Woodard presiding.

Alderman Woodard said the meeting had been called by the Grant Club to consider the [illegible]

[illegible]

BUSINESS NOTICES.

[illegible]

Theatres in Salt Lake City.

[illegible]

Mr. Chase on Reconstruction.

[illegible]

"Our country can have no loathed, detested and repudiated the Union from the outset—and their aversion, in place of becoming modernized by time, has but increased in bitterness and intensity. They sought redress, in the first instance, from the Imperial Government, because it was the course most proper at the time to be taken; but though their prayer for justice has been rejected, they do not, nor will they ever, give up their cause as lost, or forego their determination to employ in the recovery of their lost independence every resource at the command of a high-spirited and intelligent people."

MARRIED.

In this city, July 14, by Rev. John A. Gray, Mr. ISAAC [illegible], of [illegible], Wy., to Miss MARGARET PRATT, of Chicago.

DIED.

In this city, July 13, CLARA E. BOURTELOT, aged [illegible] years.

In Cary, Ill., July 12, SILAS LESLIE, son of Theo. and Maria A. Walker, aged 1 years, 2 months and 11 days.

Amusements.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

C. D. HESS & CO. .... Managers

Last Night But Three!

Last Night But Three!

THE WHITE FAWN.

First appearance of VON HAMME. The Evening. Shadow Dance, BONFANTI. Temple of Flora. Parvagus Matelot, WESMAEL. Temple of Flora. Hungarian Polka, SOHLKE. Cancan. Temple of Flora, VENTUROLI. Cancan. Garde Imperiale, LITTLE SCHLAGER. La Vivandiere. Pas Comique, DUBRA. Long Shoe Dance.

SATURDAY,

Last White Fawn Matinee.

McVICKER'S THEATRE.

Brilliant Success of John Brougham's Great Satire on the Vices and Follies of the Age.

The Lottery of Life.

TERRY, the Swell, Mr. MARLOWE.

New Scenery, Songs, Dances and Mechanical Effects, presenting a Picture of Life in New York.

EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

COL. WOOD'S MUSEUM.

FRANK E. AIKEN .... Sole Lessee.

Unprecedented success of the GREAT ARLINGTON MINSTRELS. Performance given the great Artists, Delehanty and Hengler. Monday evening, entire new bill. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

Steamer Dunbar

WILL LEAVE CLARK-ST. BRIDGE,

THIS EVENING,

And every evening during the week, at 8 o'clock.

Bevins' Garden City Band will accompany the trip. Ample accommodations for Dancing.

Auction Sales.

CATALOGUE SALE OF

DRY GOODS,

Dress Goods, Silks, Shawls, Ready-made Clothing, Hosiery, Tailoring Goods, Woolens, Brussels and Wool Carpetings,

BOOTS, SHOES, &C.,

which we will sell at our Salesrooms, 44 and 46 Randolph-st., on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next, July 15th and 16th.

Catalogues will be ready one day before the sale.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

150 ROLLS

Brussels, Ingrain and Hemp Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings,

AT AUCTION,

On THURSDAY, July 16th, at 11 o'clock, at our salesrooms, 44 and 46 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

REGULAR SATURDAY'S SALE,

HOUSEHOLD GOODS,

Three Piano Fortes, Wool and Brussels Carpets, Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware,

Table Cutlery, Horse, Wagon and Harness, &c.,

AT AUCTION,

On SATURDAY, July 18, at 9½ o'clock, at our salesrooms, 44 and 46 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct'rs.

PACKING HOUSE,

STABLES, &C.,

AT AUCTION.

We shall sell, on the premises, foot of Huron-st., North Branch, on Wednesday, July 15th, at 10 o'clock a. m., the Packing House, Stables, Fences, loose timber, &c., connected with the premises. Buildings to be removed on or before July 25th inst. Terms cash.

GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON,

118 and 120 State-st.

SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF

New and Second-hand Furniture,

CARPETS,

CURTAIN GOODS &c.,

AT AUCTION.

On FRIDAY, July 17, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at our salesrooms, 118 and 120 State-st., a large assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Dining-room Furniture, including a great variety of fine and medium Walnut Chamber Suits and Parlor Sets, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Damask Curtains, &c., with a general assortment of Household Goods.

GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.

AUCTION.—WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, July 15 and 16, at 9½ a. m. each day,

At Daniel Scott & Co.'s, 49 Randolph-st.

On Wednesday, a large sale of

Dry Goods, Hosiery, Notions, Muslins, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.

On Thursday,

Custom-Made Clothing, All Wool Cassimeres, Boots and Shoes

DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION—THURSDAY, JULY 16, at 9½ a. m., at Daniel Scott & Co.'s, 49 Randolph-st. Peremptory Sale of 30 Cases CANVAS GAITERS. The above 30 Cases of Gaiters will be sold along with our Regular Sale of BOOTS AND SHOES on Thursday, and are well worthy the attention of the trade.

DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

Partners Wanted.

PARTNER—Wanted—To engage in the manufacture of my patent and improved hot-air furnace, with indestructible fire pot and ventilating improvements. I will share the profits of my patent with those I engage with. I will prove my furnace to be the best in the market. For particulars address, with real name, 83 Western-av., or call and see the model for one week. GEO. MARLOW.

PARTNER—Wanted—With $5,000, in a staple manufacturing business, well established. Will pay 50 per cent per annum on money invested. Address "G D H," care of Letter Carrier No. 31. Good references given and required.

PARTNER—Wanted—With $1,000 cash to extend a profitable and legitimate business. Apply at 84 Dearborn-st., Room 2, from 2 to 5 p. m.

PARTNER—Wanted—With a few thousand dollars to engage in railroad building. Such liberal contracts already secured that large profits will be guaranteed. Address "RAILROAD," Tribune office.

PARTNER—Wanted—With $3,000 to $5,000 capital in a good manufacturing business in the Michigan pineries. Partner preferred who understands sash, door and blind business. Address, for three days, "ZENO," Tribune office.

PARTNER—Wanted—To purchase one-half interest in one of the best retail drug stores in the city of Chicago, doing good business. Single man, who can talk German and English, and understands the drug business, preferred. Address "Q A," Tribune office.

PARTNER—Wanted—$3,000 cash—Manufacturing, established business; a monopoly, paying from $10,000 to $20,000 a year. Call personally and promptly at "ATHEY," 129 Madison-st.

PARTNER—Wanted—With $5,000 or $10,000, to take an interest in a hardware manufactory, now in successful operation in this city, doing a good business, with fair profits. Address "G A J," Tribune office.

Pianos.

FOR SALE—And to Rent—New and second-hand pianos, organs, and all kinds of musical instruments. All kinds of tuning and repairing done, by R. & H. WANGEMAN, 131 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—New and beautiful piano fortes with beautiful carved legs, for rent at $10 per month; also walnut and rosewood cased organs and melodeons for rent. Inquire of H. M. HIGGINS, 129 South Clark-st.

Personal.

PERSONAL—A public speaker, 28 years of age, and in comfortable circumstances, wishes to form the acquaintance of a moral and intellectual young lady, of suitable age, with a view to matrimony. Address, for three days, "CHERUB," Tribune office.

INFORMATION WANTED—Of J. S. [illegible], who came from Buffalo to Chicago on last trip of the Wenona. Description—fair complexion and curly beard on his chin, five feet ten, and very communicative. Any knowledge of his whereabouts will be thankfully received, by SAML. L. AVERY, at Sherman House.

Machinery.

FOR SALE—Three 20-horse portable engines, six smaller do., nearly new. Also, two engines and boilers at reduced prices. Wood and iron working machinery, belting, flue, supplies, &c., and double cylinder engine, working at Machinery Depot, 92 Lake-st. CHANDLER BROS & CO.

FOR SALE—Steam engines of all sizes and kinds; the best engines and the best assortment in the West. Call or write for circular and price list. [illegible]

To Rent—Houses.

TO RENT—Nos. 1082 and 1080 Wabash-av., new houses, [illegible] and every [illegible].

[illegible]

Apply to S. H. KERFOOT & CO., 71 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—Six new houses now being finished, Nos. 211, 213, 215, 217 and [illegible] corner of North State and [illegible] ... Apply to E. ANTHONY, No. 77 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—House of 12 rooms, beautifully located, fronting Lincoln Park, having full view of lake, having all modern conveniences, [illegible] DAVID GOODWILLIE, 329 North Clark-st.

TO RENT—No. 101 Huron-st.—A two-story and brick basement residence, newly painted. [illegible] For particulars inquire at 93 Huron-st.

TO RENT—One brick house, 10 rooms, water and gas, stable for two or three horses. [illegible] Inquire at 1236 Twenty-fourth-st.

TO RENT—95 Washington-st.—The stone front house, for residence or business purposes. Apply to BENTLEY & HART, 119 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—Cottage No. 1400 Wabash-av., near Thirty-first-st. and the cars, and is conveniently located. Rent $25 per month. Inquire of L. INGLEDEW, Room 10 Portland Block.

TO RENT—The five-story marble-front building, 62 Lake-st. Inquire on the premises.

TO RENT—5 rooms suitable for housekeeping. Apply at 141 VanBuren-st.

TO RENT—House, No. 40 Harrison-st., one door from Wabash-av., and furniture for sale cheap. Rent low. Possession August 1st. Apply on premises.

TO RENT—Dwelling on North LaSalle-st., containing 11 rooms, with gas and water. Newly painted and papered throughout. Apply to E. W. BLATCHFORD.

TO RENT—For 3 months, a furnished cottage. Everything in complete condition. Apply between 4 and 6 p. m. at 179 South Morgan-st.

TO RENT—House of 9 rooms, 2-story and basement. Three tenements of 3 rooms each, at low rents. Also cottage and lot for sale cheaper than rent. E. W. SEA, Real Estate Broker, 123 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—House of six rooms on Oakley-st., between Washington-st. and Park-av. Cheap. J. F. STARR, 124 East Randolph-st.

TO RENT—Mrs. Dr. Sachse's house at Hyde Park. Inquire in Hyde Park Hotel.

TO RENT—295 Indiana-st.—Furnished house of 9 rooms, bath, gas, water and all necessary conveniences. Apply at 229 Randolph-st. Possession given immediately.

TO RENT—The lower part—four rooms—of House No. 90 South Peoria-st., furnished, for $40 per month, cash in advance. Call at house or at 165 South LaSalle-st. for "W. R."

TO RENT—A fine two story and basement dwelling, north of Hubbard court, on Wabash-av., east front, containing 11 rooms, with all modern conveniences. Apply at Room No. 3, No. 209 South Water-st.

TO RENT—By J. M. Marshall, Room 8, 97 South Clark-st., the four-story stone front, No. 28 East Van Buren-st., suitable for a first class boarding house. Also, No. 299 Wabash-av., just being completed with all modern conveniences.

TO RENT—A neat cottage house, in good repair and centrally located. Apply at No. 76 State-st., Room 6.

TO RENT—331 Wabash-av., house, fully furnished, for a couple of months, to a gentleman or lady without children. Inquire at house or at 81 South Water-st.

To Rent—Rooms.

TO RENT—Lodging rooms in the new brick block, 11 and 13 Canal-st. Apply to H. E. SKELTE, 14 Methodist Church Block.

TO RENT—Two nice single rooms, furnished, suitable for gentlemen for lodging rooms. Close to cars and gas. House first-class brick. Terms low. Apply at the house, No. 66 Third-av.

TO RENT—A front parlor, with or without board, at 41 Hubbard court.

TO RENT—A pleasant front room, neatly furnished, well located, and suitable for one or two gentlemen. Also a back room. Inquire at 226½ State-st.

TO RENT—A pleasant room, furnished or unfurnished at No. 18 South Clinton-st. Ten minutes' walk from Court House.

TO RENT—A furnished front room. Also, a single room in private family; no boarders; 4 minutes' walk from the Post Office. 77 Jackson-st. Four doors from State.

[illegible]

To Rent—Stores, Offices, &c.

[illegible]

Business Chances.

[illegible]

Real Estate—City.

Improved.

FOR SALE—By Van Allen & Covert, [illegible] Cottage Grove, [illegible]

[illegible]

FOR SALE—Brick building built last year. [illegible]

FOR SALE—By Philpot & Picket, 94 Dearborn-st., Room 5. The best corner west of Union Park, with two buildings. Price, $10,000.

FOR SALE—The very desirable house and lot, 88 North Ashland-av., near Mason school. Pleasant neighborhood—a pleasant home. Apply at the house, or at 60 Monroe-st., Room 3.

FOR SALE—Two new two-story and basement brick houses, all modern improvements, and lots, on Adams-st., near Centre-av. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, Room 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—Cottage and lot on Campbell-av., only $1,200, on easy terms. Apply at Room 18 Old Block, No. 108 East Madison-st. J. L. CAMPBELL.

FOR SALE—A new cottage, nearly finished, on Peoria-st., near Jackson. Inquire on the premises, or at 291 South Morgan-st.

FOR SALE—A very good frame house with lot, to be moved [illegible] good order, No. 31 Michigan-av. [illegible] Room 20 [illegible] corner of Washington and Clark-sts.

FOR SALE—Cottage [illegible] will be delivered anywhere on the North [illegible] McINTIRE, No. 8 Metropolitan Block, [illegible] 11 to 12 a. m.

FOR SALE—A new three-story and basement brick house of 11 rooms, all modern improvements, and lot 25 by 125 feet to an alley. East front on Curtis-st., near Washington. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—Three lots, 72x125 and good cottage house, on North side, near Lincoln Park, at a bargain, if bought soon. Apply to J. W. REDENBERG, 14 Lombard Block, near Post Office.

FOR SALE—We have several neat new cottages, in excellent neighborhood, for sale cheap, on monthly payments; easy for men on salaries; convenient to street cars. Also, some cheap lots on South Side, outside limits. VAN ALLEN & COVERT, 86 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—Or Rent—A first-class residence at Oak Park. Also for sale a beautiful grove [illegible] with small house, cheap. [illegible] VILLE & HARVEY, No. 3 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—A desirable cottage of seven rooms, with lot, on Fulton-st., near limits. Will be offered for a few days at a low price. I. R. ANDREWS, Room 7, Methodist Church Block.

FOR SALE—New cottage, with good cellar, half acre of ground, at $1,200, in $25 monthly payments after the first $300 is paid, including free passage daily in at am cars from Wells-st. depot to the cottage at Lombard until January 1, 1870. ISAAC CLAFLIN, 137 Madison-st.

Unimproved.

FOR SALE—By J. H. Rees & Co., 90 Dearborn-st.:

85 feet on Wabash-av., south of Sixteenth-st.

28 feet on Wabash-av., south of Monroe-st.

25 feet on Forest-av.

2 lots on Myrtle-av. $70.

[illegible] Frazier's add., [illegible] at $320. Very cheap.

5 acres near Brighton—$100.

20 acres on Madison-st.

FOR SALE—By Diller, Stedman & Chandler, Room 11 Speed's Block, 125 Dearborn-st.: 120 feet on corner of Ada and Carroll-sts., which will be sold, in whole or part, at a sacrifice, if applied for at once.

Also, 4 lots corner Sixteenth and Laflin-sts., for $200 each, and a great variety of lots in every part of the city.

Also, some first-class inside business property, at a bargain.

FOR SALE—By Philpot & Picket, 94 Dearborn-st., Room 5: Two most desirable lots for improvement, fronting the University, with large part of the purchase money running through 4 years at 6 per cent interest.

FOR SALE—10 lots on State, Burnside and Butterfield-sts., near Douglas-place. A. S. WING & CO., 85 Washington-st., Room 9.

FOR SALE—70x100 feet on Cass-st., between Illinois and Michigan-sts., known as the "Old St. James' Church" property. The building can at very little expense be converted into a storage house or a manufacturing establishment. We will sell this valuable property, if taken at once, at a very low rate, and upon exceedingly liberal terms. Title unquestionable. WARREN & GOODRICH, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

FOR SALE—By W. T. Shufeldt, 116¼ La Salle-st.: [illegible] on Vincennes-av., near Walnut-st., a beautiful lot for a gentleman's residence. 20 acres at [illegible], covered with second growth timber. [illegible]

[illegible]

Real Estate—Country.

[illegible]

Horses, Carriages, &c.

[illegible]

Wanted—Real Estate.

[illegible]

Wanted—Male Help.

Bookkeepers, Salesmen, &c.

WANTED—A first-class hat salesman who can control a large, good trade in Wisconsin, Northern Iowa and Southern Minnesota, by an old and well established Hat, Cap and Fur house in this city. To a man of energy and good ability a desirable trade is offered. Address Drawer 6582, with reference, amount of trade can control, and salary expected.

WANTED—A good bookkeeper, who has capital of $1,500 or $2,000, will learn of a good situation, or can have an interest in the business if desired, by applying at 71 Dearborn-st., where the parties can be seen. None but those having both the above requirements need apply. References required and given. S. H. KERFOOT & CO., Real Estate Brokers, 71 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—Bookkeeper. Best of references required. Address, stating name and reference, "J S" P. O. Box 6597.

WANTED—A stout German boy from 15 to 20 years old. Apply at 179 State-st.

WANTED—A good business man. Inquire at 123 East VanBuren-st., between the hours of 9 and 11 a. m. and 2 and 4 p. m.

WANTED—Wide awake men. Call or send for our new terms to agents. No peddling business. Good pay guaranteed. Address STANFORD & MURDOCH, 15 Reynolds' Block.

WANTED—Two reliable salesmen of at least one year's active experience selling goods [illegible] to $1,200. Also one inexperienced will be accepted upon good references. ORVIS & BOSTWICK, 123 and 125 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—Experienced salesmen at R. R. CURRAN'S, over 123 Dearborn-st. Only those who can furnish good references and engage permanently will be accepted. Salary liberal.

WANTED—A first-rate janitor, to take care of the Continental Billiard Hall. A permanent job. Apply between 12 and 1. STACY & SMITH.

WANTED—Enterprising men to introduce a new thing. Universally wanted and meets with ready sale. Call on or address, enclosing red stamp, MOODY & HAYES, 122 South Clark-st.

Trades.

WANTED—Barber—A good workman can have steady employment and no work Sundays. Address for one week, CHRIS. RATHMAN, Des Moines, Iowa.

WANTED—Watchmaker. Address L. C. GARWOOD, Champaign, Ill. Must be a good workman and strictly temperate. Best references required. Steady place. A man who can engrave preferred.

WANTED—Immediately, 50 stone-cutters and 100 laborers to work on Dixon bridge. Apply to contractors at Dixon, Ill.

WANTED—A first-class carriage painter. References—Brigham, Goodyear & Hayes, 151 Lake-st., Chicago; John Alston, 173 Randolph-st., Chicago. RAYMOND & SCRANTON, Grand Rapids.

WANTED—A setter and burner, also several men, at the Willow Springs Brick Works. Office, corner South and Ferguson-sts., Chicago.

WANTED—Frame makers at the Sash, Door and Blind Factory, corner Grove and Nineteenth-sts. First-class workmen will find steady work and good pay. None others need apply. J. DAVIS.

WANTED—Carpenters. Call to-day, to-morrow or next day, at the new house on Shurtleff-st., between Thirty-first and Thirty-second.

WANTED—Immediately, two good iron moulders, at St. Joseph, Mich. Steady work and wages same as Chicago. HAMILTON & WHITE, St. Joseph, Mich.

Employment Agents.

WANTED—500 men at $2 per day. Also 20 teams for railroads. Free transportation. Apply at 250 South Water-st., near Lake-st. bridge.

WANTED—This day, 250 railroad laborers. Wages $2 per day. Also 40 quarry laborers. Also 25 sawmill hands. For particulars apply at Employment Headquarters, Room 3 Link's Block, Randolph-st. bridge.

WANTED—3 clerks, 1 painter, 3 stationary engineers, 2 grinders, 1 plow-share welder, 2 men for restaurant. Other situations open. General Business Agency, 96 Randolph-st., Room 2.

WANTED—500 laborers, tracklayers, spikers, &c., for Union Pacific Railroad; wages from $2 to $2.50 per day. 50 for Michigan, $2 per day. 20 wood choppers, quarrymen, &c. For transportation, apply at 166 Madison-st., Room 3.

WANTED—This day, 1 porter, 1 carriage driver, 3 farm hands, good pay; 15 city laborers; 20 sawmill men, 1 waiter. Great active work. Great Western Business Agency, 141 South Clark-st., Room 3.

WANTED—1 assistant bookkeeper, 1 entry clerk, 1 travelling agent, 2 clerks, 1 bookkeeper, 1 fireman, 2 porters, 2 waiters, and 1 bartender. Apply at 84 Dearborn-st., Room 2. Applicants by mail address H. G. ROSS & CO., P. O. Box 2551, enclosing stamp for particulars.

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED—A dressmaker who understands [illegible]

[illegible]

Situations Wanted.

Females.

SITUATION—Wanted—In a respectable family by a German girl, to do general work. Is fully reliable and competent. Good references. Address "A B," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—Any person wishing a first-class [illegible] can get one by addressing "R E F," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] English widow, [illegible] 302 West [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By two girls; one to cook, the other to do second work in a private family. Good references given. Apply at [illegible] Van Buren-st., corner of Halsted.

SITUATION—Wanted—In a private family, by an English girl, who is a good plain cook and washer. [illegible] Apply at [illegible] Chicago-av.

SITUATION—Wanted—By two young intelligent Swedish girls, to do [illegible] Apply to [illegible] 50 North Franklin-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young lady as seamstress in a [illegible] family; understands dressmaking and all kinds of sewing. Address [illegible] Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—As cook and laundress in a private family, by a [illegible] girl. [illegible] 315 South Desplaines-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] young girl to do general housework and [illegible] 360 South Jefferson-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] girl as chambermaid in a private family [illegible] at 247 North Clark-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young German girl to learn children German, and [illegible] useful about the house. Address [illegible] office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By an American widow, who understands housekeeping, [illegible] week, Mrs. HOLMES, Cottage Hill, Ill.

SITUATION—Wanted—As wet nurse. Apply at the Home for Friendless.

SITUATION—Wanted—As housekeeper in a private family by a widow lady with one child, where there are no [illegible] 246 South Jefferson-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—At general housework by a competent person. Address 434 Quincy-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—As [illegible] girl in a private family by a respectable young woman. Apply at 347 Fourth av., up stairs.

SITUATION—Wanted—To do general and plain sewing or light housework. Inquire two days at 453 Michigan-av.

Males.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] Address 697 South [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a good practical chemist—a graduate of one of the best German colleges—in a first-class drug store. [illegible] references given and nothing but [illegible] required. Address "J T X," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—As coachman and gardener, by a young married German, [illegible] good recommendations. Call or address [illegible] gar Sanders' Flower st., No. 56 Clark-st. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—As coachman, by a young German who understands his business, and to be generally useful. Good references. Address "H C," 271 South State-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—As bookkeeper or clerk, by a young man who is quick and correct at figures. Good city references given. Please address "WM. G.," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a Norwegian, born in this country seven years, can speak and write English fluently, as shipping clerk, or where he can make himself generally useful. Address [illegible] P. O. Box 5922.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man as porter in a store. Can write a good hand. Lately arrived in the city. Can give reference. Address "W D M," [illegible] 54 [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] young English servant to wait in a [illegible] dining room. No objection to work. [illegible] D X 76, Cedar Falls, Iowa.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man aged 18 years, in a store or mechanical business, his trade. Address 74 North Franklin-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] to a grocery or [illegible] 71 [illegible] Address "D C," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man and first-class penman, at clerk, bookkeeping, or where he can make himself useful. Good references given. Salary no object. Address "J F," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man as clerk, bookkeeper or salesman, [illegible]

[illegible]

Agents Wanted.

[illegible]

Boarding and Lodging.

14 [illegible]

68 [illegible]

87 [illegible]

113 [illegible]

136 [illegible]

224 [illegible]

366 [illegible]

456 [illegible]

462 [illegible]

513 [illegible]

661 [illegible]

[illegible]

Board Wanted.

[illegible]

Wanted—To Rent.

[illegible]

For Sale.

[illegible]

Lost, Found, &c.

[illegible]

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

[illegible]

WASHINGTON.

Final Passage of the Special Tax Bill.

Compromises Effected in the Conference Committee.

Full Text of the New Funding Bill.

Mr. Evarts' Nomination as Attorney General Confirmed by the Senate.

Southern Delegations Before the Reconstruction Committee.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.

THE TAX BILL

was reported from the Conference Committee this afternoon, agreed to in both houses of Congress, and will go to the President for his signature as soon as it can be enrolled. It applies to distilled spirits, tobacco, snuff, cigars, coal oil, and sets aside all provisions of existing laws on those articles. The rate on whiskey is fixed at fifty cents; wholesale dealers pay $100 on annual sales of not over $25,000, and one dollar per thousand on sale in excess of that limit, and one per cent on all sales. Retail dealers pay $25. Taxes are collected at the distillery. Whiskey and rum may be exported. A drawback of sixty cents per gallon is allowed to be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury, and not to be due till thirty days after the sailing of the vessel. Distillers pay four dollars per day while running, and two while work is suspended. There is to be one or more store-[illegible]

[illegible]

CONGRESSIONAL.

[illegible]

THE PLAINS.

[illegible]